

The Gazette



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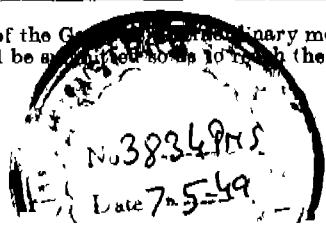
NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1949

NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published during the week ending the 4th May 1949 :—

S. No.	No. and Date	Issued by	Subject
1	No. 15 (1)-T B/49, dated the 27th April 1949.	Ministry of Commerce	Resolution <i>re</i> recommendation of the Tariff Board for the protective duties on alloy, tool and special steels.
2	No. 8/9/49-Judl., dated the 27th April 1949.	Ministry of Home Affairs	Extension of the Orissa Weights and Measures Act, 1943 to the Province of Delhi.
3	No. 1-T/A (20)/49, dated the 28th April 1949.	Ministry of Commerce	Resolution <i>re</i> decision to refer to the Tariff Board for investigation applications for assistance or protection received from certain industries.
	No. 8/3/49-Judicial, dated the 28th April 1949.	Ministry of Home Affairs	Extension of the United Provinces (Temporary) Accommodation Requisition Act, 1947 to the Province of Ajmer-Merwara.
4	No. 5 (11)-B/10, dated the 29th April 1949	Ministry of Finance	Repayment at par the whole of the 3 per cent. Rupee Loan 1940—52 on the 1st August 1949
5	No. 31-C W(6)/49, dated the 29th April 1949.	Ministry of Commerce	General permission to all persons to export iron ore to Japan.
6	Ordinance No. VI of 1949, dated the 30th April 1949	Ministry of Law	Industrial Disputes (Banking and Insurance Companies) Ordinance, 1949
7	No. 1 (31), dated the 22nd April 1949	Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation	Possession of and control over certain evacuee properties in the Province of Delhi.
8	Ordinance No. VII of 1949, dated the 2nd May 1949.	Ministry of Law	The Delhi Water Supply (Emergency Provisions) Ordinance, 1949.
9	No. 8 (1)-T. B./49, dated the 3rd May 1949.	Ministry of Commerce	Resolution <i>re</i> recommendation of the Tariff Board on Sodium thiosulphate, sodium, sulphite and sodium bisulphite.
	No. 8 (1)-T B./49, dated the 3rd May 1949.	Ditto	Duties leviable on sodium sulphite, sodium bisulphite and sodium thiosulphate.
10	No. 37 (1)-T B./48, dated the 4th May 1949.	Ditto	Resolution <i>re</i> recommendation of the Tariff Board for the protection to the calcium chloride industry.

Copies of the Gazettes of India Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted to the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of this Gazette.



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PART I—Section 1

Government of India Notifications relating to Rules, Regulations and Orders, and Resolutions (other than the Ministry of Defence)

MINISTRY OF LAW

New Delhi, the 23rd April 1949

No. F. 22-I/49-L.—In pursuance of sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Displaced Persons (Legal Proceedings) Act, 1949 (XXV of 1949), the Central Government is pleased to appoint the first day of May 1949, as the date on which the said Act shall come into force in the Chief Commissioners' Provinces of Delhi, Ajmer-Merwara and Panth Piploda.

K. V. K. SUNDARAM, Secy

(To be substituted for notification of even number and date)

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 18th April 1949

No. F.34-1/47-SIM(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 3 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1922 (VII of 1922), the Central Government is pleased—

- to appoint Mr. Rocharam T. Shubham as the Protector of Emigrants, Bombay with effect from the 1st April 1949, *vice* Mr. G. Walker relieved of his duties as the Protector of Emigrants, Bombay; and
- to define the area to which his authority shall extend as the whole of the Presidency of Bombay and such territories, as may, from time to time fall within the administrative jurisdiction of the Government of Bombay

New Delhi, the 2nd May 1949

No. F. 8-7/49-SIM(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1922 (VII of 1922), the Central Government is pleased to appoint Mr. T. V. R. Wariyar, Port Health Officer, Tuticorin, as the Protector of Emigrants, Tuticorin, to perform all the duties of the Protector of Emigrants, Tuticorin, in addition to his own with effect from the 23rd April 1949 (afternoon)—*vice* Mr. R. Krishnamachari, proceeded on leave granted in the Government of

India Notification No. F.8-7/49 SIM(E), dated the 2nd May 1949.

Y. D. GUNDEVIA,

Controller General of Emigration and
Joint Secy to the Govt. of India

New Delhi, the 29th April 1949

No. D.1595/49-E.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Order XXVII, Rules 1 and 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908), the Central Government is pleased to authorise Mr. N. C. Thomas the Collector of South Kanara, who is acquainted with the facts of the case proposed to be filed by the Dominion of India at East Tekkadathi Kunhade in the Court of the District Munsiff of Kasaragod to sign all pleadings and other papers on behalf of the Central Government in the said case and also to verify the same and is further pleased to authorise the said Mr. N. C. Thomas to act for the Central Government enter appearances, make applications and do all other acts in the said case and in all proceedings arising out of or connected with the same

Dated at New Delhi, the 28th day of April 1949

By order of the Central Government,

S. V. JOSHI, Dy Secy

RESOLUTION

New Delhi, the 25th April 1949

No. F.38-6/48-Hajj.—The Government of India have decided to extend by another year from the 26th April 1949 the term of the Central Haj Committee, constituted in the Government of India in the Ministry of External Affairs and Commonwealth Relations Resolution No. F.38-5/47-Hajj, dated the 26th April 1948

Ordered that a copy of this resolution be communicated to all Ministries of the Government of India including the

Prime Minister's Secretariat, Cabinet Secretariat and the Legislative Assembly Department, all Provincial Governments and Administrations, Port Trust Committee, Bombay, Shipping Companies concerned, for information, and also that the resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

P. A. MENON, Joint Secy.

MINISTRY OF STATES

New Delhi, the 25th April 1949

No. 95-Econ.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Extra-Provincial Jurisdiction Act, 1947 (XLVII of 1947), and of all other powers enabling it in this behalf, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), shall apply to Pudukottah and Banganapalle State subject to the following amendments:—

(1) Sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 1 shall be omitted; and

(2) for the words 'the Provinces of India' wherever they occur, the words "Pudukottah and Banganapalle" shall be substituted

2. The said Act supersedes the corresponding State enactments (by whatever name called) at present in force in the said State.

Provided that—

(1) all proceedings taken under any of the enactments which were in force in the State and pending at the commencement of this Order shall be continued as if they had been taken under the corresponding provisions of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944;

(2) all appointments, delegations, notifications, orders, bye-laws, rules and regulations made or issued by or in pursuance of any of the said enactments are hereby confirmed and shall have effect as if made or issued under this Order.

3. Any court may construe the said Act with such alterations, not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper to adapt it to the matter before the court.

No. 96-Econ.—Whereas the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944, has been applied to the State of Pudukottah and Banganapalle by the Ministry of States Notification No. 382-I.B, dated December 14, 1948,

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Extra-Provincial Jurisdiction Act, 1947 (XLVII of 1947), and of all other powers enabling it in that behalf, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the Central Excise Rules, 1944, as amended from time to time in their application to the Provinces of India, shall apply to the said State with the following modifications:—

(i) sub-clause (2) of Rule 1 shall be omitted;

(ii) at the end of sub-clause (n) of Rule 2 add the following:—

"(g) in the State of Pudukottah and Banganapalle the Collector of Customs, Pudukottah and Banganapalle"

(iii) for the words "the Provinces of India" the words "Pudukottah & Banganapalle" shall be substituted; and

(iv) rule 234 shall be omitted.

2. The said Rules supersede the corresponding State enactments (by whatever name called) at present in force in the Pudukottah and Banganapalle State:

Provided that—

(i) All proceedings taken under any of the enactments which were in force in Pudukottah and Banganapalle State and pending at the commencement of this Order shall be continued as if they had been taken under the corresponding provisions of the said Rules.

(ii) All appointments, delegations, notifications, orders, bye-laws, rules and regulations made or issued under or in pursuance of any of the said

enactments are hereby confirmed and shall have effect as if made or issued under this Order.

3. Any Court may construe the said Act with such alterations, not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper to adapt it to the matter before the Court.

No. 97-Econ.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Extra-Provincial Jurisdiction Act, 1947 (XLVII of 1947), and of all other powers enabling it in this behalf, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), shall apply to Mayurbhanj State subject to the following amendments:—

(1) Sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 1 shall be omitted; and

(2) for the words 'the Provinces of India' wherever they occur, the word "Mayurbhanj" shall be substituted.

2. The said Act supersedes the corresponding State enactments (by whatever name called) at present in force in the said States.

Provided that—

(1) all proceedings taken under any of the enactments which were in force in the State and pending at the commencement of this Order shall be continued as if they had been taken under the corresponding provisions of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944;

(2) all appointments, delegations, notifications, orders, bye-laws, rules and regulations made or issued by or in pursuance of any of the said enactments are hereby confirmed and shall have effect as if made or issued under this Order.

3 Any court may construe the said Act with such alterations, not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper to adapt it to the matter before the court.

No. 98-Econ.—Whereas the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944, has been applied to the State of Mayurbhanj by the Ministry of States Notification No. 382-IB, dated December 14, 1948;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Extra-Provincial Jurisdiction Act, 1947 (XLVII of 1947), and of all other powers enabling it in that behalf, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the Central Excise Rules, 1944, as amended from time to time in their application to the Provinces of India, shall apply to the said State with the following modifications:—

(i) sub-clause (2) of Rule 1 shall be omitted,

(ii) at the end of sub-clause (n) of Rule 2 add the following:—

"(g) in the State of Mayurbhanj the Collector of Customs, Mayurbhanj."

(iii) for the words "the Provinces of India" the word "Mayurbhanj" shall be substituted; and

(iv) rule 234 shall be omitted

2. The said Rules supersede the corresponding State enactments (by whatever name called) at present in force in the Mayurbhanj State.

Provided that—

(i) All proceedings taken under any of the enactments which were in force in Mayurbhanj State and pending at the commencement of this Order shall be continued as if they had been taken under the corresponding provisions of the said Rules.

(ii) All appointments, delegations, notifications, orders, bye-laws, rules and regulations made or issued under or in pursuance of any of the said enactments are hereby confirmed and shall have effect as if made or issued under this Order.

3 Any Court may construe the said Act with such alterations, not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper to adapt it to the matter before the Court.

H. L. SONI, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 7th May 1949

No. 100-J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Extra-Provincial Jurisdiction Act (XLVII of 1947), and of all other powers enabling it in that behalf, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the Ministry of States Notification No. 90-J/49, dated April 18, 1949, shall be cancelled and shall be deemed not to have been issued at all

A. N. BIANOT-NISAR, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 1st May 1949

No. 101-P.—Whereas the Central Government has full and exclusive extra-provincial jurisdiction for, and in relation to, the governance of the State of Baroda;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Extra-Provincial Jurisdiction Act, 1947 (XLVII of 1947), and of all other powers enabling it in this behalf, the Central Government is pleased to delegate to the Provincial Government of Bombay, the extra-provincial jurisdiction aforesaid, including the power conferred by section 4 of the said Act to make orders for the exercise of that jurisdiction:

Provided that:—

- (i) the exercise of the jurisdiction hereby delegated shall be subject to the control of the Central Government; and
- (ii) the delegation shall not preclude the Central Government from exercising the jurisdiction hereby delegated.

No. 102-P.—Whereas the Central Government has full and exclusive extra-Provincial jurisdiction for, and in relation to, the governance of the State of Kutch;

Now, therefore, in the exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Extra-Provincial Jurisdiction Act, 1947 (XLVII of 1947), and of all other powers enabling it in that behalf, the Central Government is pleased to delegate to the Provincial Government of Bombay, the extra-Provincial jurisdiction aforesaid, including the power conferred by section 4 of the said Act to make orders for the exercise of the aforesaid jurisdiction, in relation to the area known as KUTCHI-GADH which forms part of the State of Kutch but is situate in Kathiawar:

Provided that:—

- (i) the exercise of the jurisdiction hereby delegated shall be subject to the control of the Central Government; and
- (ii) the delegation shall not preclude the Central Government from exercising the jurisdiction hereby delegated.

A. B. CHATTERJEE, Joint Secy

New Delhi, the 5th May 1949

No. 105-J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Extra-Provincial Jurisdiction Act, 1947 (XLVII of 1947), and of all other powers enabling it in this behalf, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of States No. 53-113, dated the 9th March 1949 shall be cancelled.

No. 106-J.—Whereas the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), has been applied to the States of Pudukkottai and Banganapalle by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of States No. 95-Econ., dated the 25th April 1949;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Extra-Provincial Jurisdiction Act, 1947 (XLVII of 1947), and of all other powers enabling it in this behalf and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of States No. 96-Econ., dated 25th April 1949, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the Central Excise

Rules, 1944, as amended from time to time in their application to the Provinces of India, shall apply to the said States with the following modifications, namely:—

- (i) for the word "the Provinces of India" wherever they occur, the words "Pudukkottai and Banganapalle" shall be substituted.
- (ii) sub-rule (2) of rule 1 shall be omitted;
- (iii) after sub-clause (g) of clause (ii) of rule 2 the following shall be inserted, namely:—
“(h) in the States of Pudukkottai and Banganapalle, the Collector of Central Excise, Madras;” and
- (iv) rule 234 shall be omitted.

2. The said Rules supersede the corresponding State enactments (by whatever name called) at present in force in the Pudukkottai and Banganapalle States:

Provided that:—

- (i) All proceedings taken under any of the enactments which were in force in Pudukkottai and Banganapalle States and pending on the commencement of this Order shall be continued as if they had been taken under the corresponding provisions of the said Rules.
- (ii) All appointments, delegations, notifications, orders, bye-laws, rules and regulations made or issued under, or in pursuance of, any of the said enactments are hereby confirmed and shall have effect as if made or issued under this Order.

3. Any Court may construe the said Rules with such modifications not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper in order to adapt them to the matter before the Court.

No. 107-J.—Whereas the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), has been applied to the State of Kutch by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of States No. 93-Econ., dated the 22nd April 1949:

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Extra-Provincial Jurisdiction Act, 1947 (XLVII of 1947), and of all other powers enabling it in that behalf, and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of States, No. 94-Econ., dated the 22nd April 1949, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the Central Excise Rules, 1944, as amended from time to time in their application to the Provinces of India, shall apply to the said State with the following modifications, namely:—

- (i) for the words "the Provinces of India" wherever they occur, the word "Kutch" shall be substituted;
- (ii) sub-clause (2) of Rule 1 shall be omitted;
- (iii) after sub-clause (f) of clause (ii) of rule 2 the following shall be inserted, namely:—
“(g) in the State of Kutch, the Collector of Customs, Saurashtra, Jamnagar;” and
- (iv) rule 234 shall be omitted.

2. The said Rules supersede the corresponding State enactments (by whatever name called) at present in force in the Kutch State:

Provided that:—

- (i) All proceedings taken under any of the enactments which were in force in Kutch State and pending on the commencement of this Order shall be continued as if they had been taken under the corresponding provisions of the said Rules.
- (ii) All appointments, delegations, notifications, orders, bye-laws, rules and regulations made or issued under, or in pursuance of, any of the said enactments are hereby confirmed and shall have effect as if made or issued under this Order.

3. Any Court may construe the said Rules with such modifications not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper in order to adapt them to the matter before the Court.

Provided that —

3. Any Court may construe the said Rules with such modifications not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper in order to adapt them to the matter before the Court

(iv) rule 234 shall be omitted.

C. GANESAN, Dy. Secy.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

*Includes Cash and Short Term Securities.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities : 63·288per cent.

K. R. K. MENON, Secy.

New Delhi, the 2nd May 1949

No. F. 3(5)-FI/49.—In pursuance of clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 8 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (II of 1934), and in modification of the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance, No. F.3(5)-FI/49, dated the 15th January 1949, the Central Government is pleased to nominate Mr. B. Rama Rau, Adviser to the Ministry of Finance, Government of India, to be a Director of the Reserve Bank of India, *vice* Mr. K. G. Ambegaokar, I.C.S.

New Delhi, the 3rd May 1949

No. F.10(1)-FI/48.—In pursuance of clause (a) of Section 10 of the Industrial Finance Corporation Act, 1948, (XV of 1948), and in partial modification of the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance, No. F.10(1)(b)-FI/48, dated the 15th June 1948, the Central Government is pleased to nominate Mr. P. C. Bhattacharyya, as Director of the Industrial Finance Corporation of India, *vice* Mr. K. G. Ambegaokar, I.C.S.

H. S. NEGI, Deputy Secy

RESOLUTION

New Delhi, the 28th April 1949

No. F. 35(1)-Est.-V/49.—It is announced for general information that the rate of interest on deposits and also on balances at the credit of subscribers to the General Provident and other similar funds on the 31st March 1949 as determined by the approved method (*vide* Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. F.37 V.R.II, dated the 6th December 1930), is 3-00 per cent. and that this rate will be in force during the financial year beginning on the 1st April 1949 except in the case of subscribers who are entitled, under the rules of the Funds, to a higher minimum rate of interest. The funds concerned are:—

1. The General Provident Fund
2. The Contributory Provident Fund (India)
3. The Indian Civil Service Provident Fund.
4. The Indian Ordnance Department Provident Fund.
5. The Indian Civil Service (Non-European Members) Provident Fund.

2. Necessary instructions will be issued separately by the Ministry of Railways (Railway Board) concerning the rate of interest applicable during the year in question to the balances in the various Provident Funds under the control of that Ministry.

ORDERED that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

B. L. BATRA, Dy Secy

MINISTRY OF FINANCE (REVENUE DIVISION)

CENTRAL EXCISES

New Delhi, the 30th April 1949

No. 14.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Central Excise Rules, 1944, namely:—

In the said Rules, after sub-rule (5) of rule 65, the following sub-rules shall be added, namely:—

- “(6) A licensee claiming assessment of the matches produced in his factory at the preferential rates of duties provided in the First Schedule to the Act for factories whose daily output does not exceed 100 gross of boxes per day, or for factories whose output does not exceed 500,000 gross of boxes per year but exceeds 100 gross of boxes per day, shall at the time of purchasing banderols, present to the Treasury Officer a certificate from the Assistant Collector in whose jurisdiction the factory is situated, stating the output of the factory and that the licensee is entitled to the preferential rates specified in the certificate.

(7) In the case of a factory whose daily output does not exceed 100 gross of boxes per day, a certificate granted under sub-rule (6) shall not be valid for more than three months from the date of issue, and may be cancelled at any earlier time, if it appears to the Assistant Collector that the daily output of the factory to which it relates exceeds such limit.

(8) In the case of a factory whose output does not exceed 500,000 gross of boxes per year but exceeds 100 gross of boxes per day, the certificate shall be valid only up to the end of the year for which it has been issued, and shall be cancelled at any earlier time during such year, if up to such time, the actual output of the factory from the commencement of the year has exceeded 500,000 gross of boxes.

(9) The Treasury Officer shall, on presentation of a certificate prescribed in sub-rule (6), issue to the licensee banderols of the distinctive colour provided for the particular scale of factory output specified in the certificate.”

A. N. PURI, Dy. Secy.

CENTRAL BOARD OF REVENUE

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 30th April 1949

No. 34.—In pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 9 of the Land Customs Act, 1924 (XIX of 1924), read with section 182 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Board of Revenue directs that the following amendment shall be made in its Notification No. 30-Customs, dated the 2nd April 1949, namely:—

In clause (1) of the said notification after the words “the Deputy Collector of the Collectorate of Central Excise, Shillong,” the words and brackets “the Assistant Collector (Headquarters) of Central Excise, Delhi,” shall be inserted.

No. 35.—*Corrigendum.*—In the undermentioned notifications of the Central Board of Revenue, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 29th March 1949, the following corrections may be made:—

- (1) *No. 14-Customs, dated the 29th March 1949.* for “Willanur” read “Vilhanur”;
- (2) *No. 15-Customs, dated the 29th March 1949.* in the form of Application for Import/Export, for the heading “Net weight on which duty is levied” read “Net weight on which duty is levied”, for the heading “Deduct rate” read “Deduct tare”;
- (3) *dated the 29th March 1949,* relating to amendments of its previous notifications regarding baggage rules, for “No. 27” read “No. 25”, and for “section 111 of the Sea Customs Act” read “section 75 of the Sea Customs Act”.

A. N. PURI, Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE

New Delhi, the 7th May 1949

No. 213(3)FT(Tea)/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Indian Tea Control Act, 1938 (VIII of 1938), the Central Government is pleased, on the joint recommendation of the Darjeeling Planters' Association and the Terai Planters' Association, to nominate Mr. C. W. Emmett, Lingia Tea Estate, Darjeeling, to fill the vacancy on the Indian Tea Licensing Committee caused by the resignation of Mr. M. M. Betten.

S. K. BANERJI, Dy. Secy.

EXPORT TRADE CONTROL

New Delhi, the 7th May 1949

No. 91-C.W.(10)/48.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, 1947 (XVIII of 1947), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce, No. 91-C.W.(1)/45, dated the 3rd November 1945, namely:—

In item 63 of Part D of the Schedule annexed to the said notification—

(i) For entry (vi) the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

“(vi) Jute raw and manufactures thereof other than jute carpets and webbings.”

(ii) In entry (xi) for the words “Blankets and Mill-made shawls (Lohis)” the following word shall be substituted, namely:—

“Blankets.”

H. C. SARIN, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 7th May 1949

No. Ins.Mis.E.102(1)/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 114 of the Insurance Act, 1938 (IV of 1938), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Insurance Rules, 1939, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of the said section, namely:—

A. In the said Rules—

1. To sub-rule (1) of rule 13 the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

“Provided that the Central Government may, in respect of any insurer after taking into account the maximum sum assured permissible according to its constitution or rules and regulations and other conditions, modify the above qualifications by fixing (i) for the sum insured or annuity, an amount lower than the corresponding amount mentioned in clause (a) or (ii) for the period, a period shorter than the one mentioned in clause (b) or (iii) both.”

2. In sub-rule (1) of rule 14 after the words “is situated” the following shall be inserted, namely:—

“or, with the prior consent and approval in writing of the Superintendent of Insurance, at any other place”.

B. In the Notes appended to Form VI-D of the Forms set forth in the Schedule to the said Rules, after the words “maximum and minimum of the sum insured should be stated”, the following shall be added, namely:—

“Where a policy has been made paid-up, necessary correction shall be made to the sum assured by showing the paid-up amount and the date of making it paid-up shall also be indicated”.

INSURANCE

New Delhi, the 7th May 1949

No. 605-I(2)/46.—In pursuance of sub-section (1A) of section 40 of the Insurance Act, 1938 (IV of 1938), the Central Government is pleased to notify the Indian State of Mysore for the purposes of the said sub-section.

REGISTRATION OF ACCOUNTANTS

New Delhi, the 7th May 1949

No. 13-A(1)/49.—In pursuance of rule 39 of the Auditor's Certificates Rules, 1932, it is hereby notified that the Central Government has been pleased to remove from the list of Registered Accountants entitled to train articled clerks, the names of the following gentlemen for the reasons and with effect from the dates specified against each:—

1. Bhimeswara Rao, K. G.D.A., B.A., Messrs. K Bhimeswara Rao & Co., Ellore.

[Ceased to practise as a Registered Accountant in India consequent on the removal of his name from the Register of Accountants under clause (d) of sub-rule (1) of rule 14 of the said Rules. Name removed from the list with effect from the 12th February 1949.]

2. Younie, Wilfred John, C.A., R.A., Messrs. Price, Waterhouse, Peat & Co., B-4, Clive Buildings, 8, Clive Street, Calcutta.

(Ceased to practise as a Registered Accountant in India with effect from the 1st July 1948. Name removed from the list with effect from that date.)

S. RANGANATHAN, Joint Secy.

MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY

Bombay, the 30th April 1949

No. 17-Tex.I/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 7 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Transmission by Post) Prohibition Order, 1946, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 103/1-TA/46(ii), dated the 1st October 1946, namely:—

In the Schedule appended to the said Notification after item No. 10 the following shall be added:—

11. All inland postal articles containing handloom cloth provided that any such article when delivered for transmission by post shall bear on its outer cover a declaration by the sender thereof that the cloth is handloom cloth.

Explanation.—The term ‘handloom cloth’ in this item does not include garments or other articles of personal or domestic use made wholly or principally from handloom cloth.

Bombay, the 7th May 1949

No. 17-Tex.I/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by clause 7 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Transmission by Post) Prohibition Order, 1946, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 103/1-TA/46(iii), dated the 1st October 1946, namely:—

In the table appended to the said Notification in column 2 against entry No. 10, for the words “The Director of Civil Supplies, East Punjab”, the words “The Director, Civil Supplies, East Punjab and the Deputy Director, Civil Supplies and Under Secretary to Government, East Punjab” shall be substituted.

T. P. BARAT, Textile Commissioner.

New Delhi, the 27th April 1949

No. 13(1)-I(6)/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 4 of the Coffee Market Expansion Act, 1942 (VII of 1942), and in partial modification of the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Industries and Supplies, No. 13(1)-I.P./47, dated the 19th July 1947, the Central Government, on the recommendation of the Government of Mysore, is pleased to nominate Mr. T. Manjanatha Iyer, Coffee Planter, Chikmagalur, as a member of the Indian Coffee Board to represent the coffee growing industry, *vice* Mr. M. L. Nagappa Setty deceased.

K. RAM, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 28th April 1949

No. I(I)-I(196).—The following Notification issued by the Iron and Steel Controller under clause 8 of the Iron and Steel (Scrap Control) Order, 1943, is published for general information:—

"In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (1) of clause 8 of the Iron and Steel (Scrap Control) Order, 1943, the Iron and Steel Controller is pleased to notify the following amendments in the schedule appearing in Notification No. 1(1)-I(196), dated 5th February 1949, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 5th February 1949.

Corrigendum

(1) Against item No. 16—for "Hoops or thin flat cuttings 2'-10"" read "Hoops or thin flat cuttings 2'/10".

(2) Against item No. 21—for the amount Rs. "25" under "Col. III," read Rs. "257".

(3) Against item No. 53(b)—for the amount Rs. "97" under "Col. II," read Rs. "197".

(4) Against item No. 69—for the amount Rs. "7" under "Col. III," read Rs. "75".

M. K. POWVALA,
Iron and Steel Controller."

New Delhi, the 29th April 1949

No. I(I)-I(146).—The following Notification issued by the Iron and Steel Controller under clause 11B of the Iron and Steel (Control of Production and Distribution) Order, 1941, is published for general information:—

"In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (1) of clause 11B of the Iron and Steel (Control of Production and Distribution) Order, 1941, the Iron and Steel Controller is pleased to notify the following amendments in "Freight (Place Extras) List No. I of 1949" appearing in the Notification No. I(I)-I(146), dated the 9th March 1949 published in the *Gazette of India*, dated 12th March 1949:—

I—Corrigendum

(1) For Destination 'Bakar' read Barakar.

For Destination 'Bhinwani' read Bhiwani.

For Destination 'Chigleput' Jn. read Chingleput Jn.

For Destination 'Darol' read Derol.

For Destination 'Ferozpur Cantt. and City' read Ferozepur Cantt. and City.

For Destination 'Ferozabad' read Firozabad

For Destination 'Gadog' read Gadag.

For Destination 'Jaipur Road' read Jajpur Road

For Destination 'Jahanabad' read Jehanabad.

For Destination 'Karkand' read Karkend.

For Destination 'McCluskiegans' read McCluskieganj.

For Destination 'Navasari' read Navsari.

For Destination 'Pattabiram Military Sidding' read Pattabiram Military Siding.

For Destination 'Phulwari Sharif' read Phulwari Sharif.

For Destination 'Rajpipala' read Rajpipla.

For Destination 'Tindukia Jn' read Tinsukia Jn

For Destination 'Vizianagaram' read Vizianagram.

For Destination 'Zafarbad Jn.' read Zafarabad Jn

(2) For the amount "Rs. 4-12" appearing against "Borivli" read Rs. 5-4.

II—Addendum

Add the following entries in the alphabetical order —

Destination	Place extra per ton
	Rs. A. P.
Akola	32 0 0
Ambaturai	25 0 0
Amraoti	36 4 0
Badnera Jn.	35 12 0

Destination

Place extra per ton

Banmor	62 0 0
Barabam	13 8 0
Barh	27 4 0
Barkuhi	52 12 0
Barnala	78 4 0
Barwadih	31 0 0
Belapur	20 4 0
Bermo	19 12 0
Betul	44 12 0
Bhandara Road	46 12 0
Bhandup	4 12 0
Bikaner	61 0 0
Bindhachal	39 12 0
Chakarpur	66 4 0
Chakeri	52 0 0
Chanda	45 12 0
Chanda Fort	54 8 0
Chirala	19 12 0
Chirawa	64 4 0
Chhindwara	51 4 0
Dharmavaram	24 0 0
Dhulia	20 8 0
Ghanauli	83 4 0
Ghorpuri	62 0 0
Gorakhpur	44 0 0
Guzar Nangal	87 4
Gwalior	61 4
Hanumangarh	71 0 0
Harpalpur	58 12 0
Humma	30 12 0
Jiaganj	12 12 0
Jogbani	30 4 0
Kamptee	45 4 0
Kanhan	45 4 0
Khaperkhoda	46 0 0
Lalgurh	61 0 0
Lodhikhera	47 8 0
Magra	5 12 0
Mandi Dabwali	73 8 0
Mewa Nawada	67 0 0
Miyaganj	21 4 0
Molisar	66 0 0
Nainpur	55 8 0
Narwana	75 8 0
Palana	60 0 0
Panchkura	6 8 0
Pipar Road	52 0 0
Ramgudam	52 8 0
Sadulpur	66 12 0
Sakrigalghat	20 8 0
Sangat	74 4 0
Saoner	46 4 0
Sardarshahr	68 4 0
Sarmatand	21 12 0
Seob Siding	14 0 0
Shencottah	36 0 0
Sri Ganganagar	73 12 0
Sukli	50 8 0
Sunam	75 12 0
Tapa	78 12 0
Tarana Road	41 8 0
Udaipur	54 0 0
Utran	16 8 0

M. K. POWVALA,

Iron and Steel Controller."

N. R. REDDY, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE

New Delhi, the 3rd May 1949

No. F. 39-21/49-Comm.—Under Rule 1(19—27) of the Rules and Regulations of the Indian Central Tobacco Committee the Government of United Provinces have nominated Kunwar Rajendra Singh, M.A., LL.B., Special Magistrate and proprietor, Kunwarpur Farm, Barabanki to represent the Tobacco Growers of the United Province on the Indian Central Tobacco Committee with effect from the 14th April 1949.

Under Rule 1(41) of the Rules and Regulations of the Indian Central Tobacco Committee the Federation of Indian Chamber of Commerce and Industry have re-nominated Sri Mohanlal A. Parikh as their representative on the Indian Central Tobacco Committee with effect from 1st April 1949.

S. M. SRIVASTAVA, Dy. Secy

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

New Delhi, the 2nd May 1949

IN THE MATTER OF THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1890

AND

IN THE MATTER OF THE NAGAR EDUCATION ENDOWMENT TRUST, UPPER INDIA, LUCKNOW

No. F. 16-1/49-A.2.—Whereas application has been made through the Government of the United Provinces by the Honorary Secretary, Nagar Education Endowment Trust, Upper India, Lucknow, acting in the administration of the Trust mentioned above, for vesting the securities mentioned in the Schedule hereto, purchased by the Committee of Management of the Trust out of the Funds of the Trust, in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for India;

It is hereby notified that the Central Government in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890 (VI of 1890), and upon the application as aforesaid and with the concurrence of the said Committee of Management, both hereby order and direct that the securities set out in the Schedule hereto shall as from the publication of this notification vest and be henceforth vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for India, to be held by him and his successors (subject to the provisions of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, and rules from time to time framed thereunder by the Central Government) upon trust to hold the said securities and the income thereof in accordance with the trusts and terms set out in the Scheme of administration of the Trust set forth in the Government of the United Provinces Notification No. 798-G/SV-885-1924, dated the 20th October 1925 for the endowment of the said charities.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO

P. N. KIRPAL, Dy. Secy

MINISTRY OF HEALTH

New Delhi, the 28th April 1949

No. F. 22-4/48-MI (Pt. II).—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1933 (XXVII of 1933), the Central Government is pleased to nominate Dr. H. Hukku, D.P.H., J.L.R.C.P. & S., L.R.F.P. & S., L.M., "Tara Nikunj", Mall Avenue, Lucknow, to be a member of the Medical Council of India, from the United Provinces, with effect from the 28th April 1949, *vice* Dr. Bhupal Singh, B.A., M.B., resigned.

New Delhi, the 3rd May 1949

No. F.1-7/48-D.—The following draft of a further amendment to the Drugs Rules, 1945, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 12 and 33 of the Drugs Act, 1910 (XXIII of 1940) is published as required by the said sections for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 6th August, 1949. Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person in respect of the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

In Schedule D to the said Rules, after entry 3 the following entry shall be added, namely—

Class of drugs	Extent and conditions of exemption
"4. Substances included in Schedule C(1) required for manufacturing purposes which are not intended for medical use in the form in which they are imported or which may be notified in the official Gazette from time to time	The provisions of Chapter III of the Act and Rules thereunder which require them to be covered by import licences, subject to the condition that the exemption will be confined to holders of licence in Form 28."

J. N. SAKSENA, Under Secy

MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS

(Railway Board)

RESOLUTION

New Delhi, the 29th April 1949

No. F(E)-49-IT-1(2).—It is announced for general information that the rate of interest on subscriptions and contributions and the balances at credit on the 31st March 1949, of the subscribers to certain provident funds, as determined by the approved method (*vide* Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. F-37-V.R.-II, dated the 6th December 1930), is 3 per cent. This rate will be in force during the financial year beginning on the 1st April 1949 and except in the case of subscribers who are entitled under the rules of the Fund to a higher minimum rate of interest will apply to the State Railway Provident Fund

ORDERED that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

S. S. RAMASUBBAN, Secy.

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT

PORTS

New Delhi, the 3rd May 1949

No. 11-P(32)/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (XV of 1908), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made with effect from the 9th June 1949 in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the late War Transport Department, No. 13-IWT(45)/45, dated the 8th January 1946, namely:—

In the said rules, to rule 6, the following Note shall be added, namely:—

"Note.—In cases where a requisition is not cancelled before the stipulated time on account of the fact that the working of the ship has to be stopped to suit the convenience of the port, no fees prescribed in clauses (i) and (ii) shall be levied, provided a certificate to that effect is issued by the Traffic Manager in each case."

A. K. MUKHERJEA, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS

New Delhi, the 21st April 1949

No. PHA-35-22/48.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Central Government is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 16th May 1949, the following further amendments shall be made in the Indian Telegraph Rules, 1932, namely:—

In rule 154 of the said Rules—

(a) In Sub-rule (i), for the words 'telephone connections for short periods' the words 'Casual telephone connections' shall be substituted.

(b) After sub-rule (2), the following sub-rule shall be added, namely:—

"(3) maximum period for which a casual connection can be given shall be two months".

New Delhi, the 29th April 1949

No. O.61-266/47.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Central Government is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 1st May 1949, the following further amendments shall be made in the Indian Post Office Rules, 1933, namely:—

In the said rules:—

(a) In rule 50A—

(i) in sub-rule (1), for the figure and word '2 annas' the words 'four annas' shall be substituted,

- (ii) for the letters and figures "Rs. 2-12-0" occurring in sub-rules (1) and (2), the letters and figures "Rs. 5-0-0" shall be substituted;
- (b) In rule 107—
- (i) in sub-rule (1), for the words "two annas", the words "four annas" shall be substituted; and
- (ii) in sub-rule (2), for the letters and figures "Rs. 2-12-0", the letters and figures "Rs. 5-0-0" shall be substituted.

New Delhi, the 30th April, 1949

No. Teleconf. 20/48.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), and in supersession of the Indian Wireless Telegraphs Rules, 1933, the Central Government is pleased to make the following rules to regulate the conduct of wireless telegraphs established, maintained and worked by persons licensed under the said Act, namely:—

1. *Short title and Commencement.*—(1) These rules may be called the Indian Wireless Telegraph Rules, 1949.

(2) They shall come into force on the 1st May, 1949.

2. *Definitions.*—In these rules, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) "*Convention*" means the International Telecommunication Convention (Atlantic City 1947) and the Radio Regulations and the Additional Radio Regulations annexed to that Convention, as modified from time to time, but does not include any portion of the said Convention or Regulations regarding which the Central Government makes any reservation from time to time;
- (b) "*Certificate of Competency*" means a certificate granted by the Telegraph Authority under these rules, under the Indian Wireless Telegraph Rules, 1933 or under the Indian Wireless Telegraphs Rules, 1929, or by a competent authority in any other part of the British Commonwealth and Empire entitling the holder to be employed as a radiotelegraph or radiotelephone operator;
- (c) "*Harbour*" includes a harbour whether natural or artificial, estuary, navigable river, pier, jetty, and other work in or at which a ship can obtain shelter, or ship or unship goods or passengers;
- (d) "*Station*", "*Fixed Station*", "*Land Station*", "*Mobile Station*", "*Aeronautical Station*", "*Distress Call*" and "*Distress Message*" have respectively the meaning assigned to them in the Convention.

3. *Saving.*—Nothing in these rules shall prevent the use of wireless telegraph for the purpose of making or answering bonafide distress calls or distress messages, in any manner thought fit.

4. *Right to work Transmitting Apparatus.*—Except with the general or special permission in writing of the Telegraph Authority or as provided in the Convention or these rules, no person shall work the transmitting apparatus of a wireless telegraph licensed under the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885, who is neither a British subject domiciled in India nor a Ruler or subject of an Acceding State or who does not hold a certificate of competency of the class specified in the license.

5. *Instructions to be observed in Communication.*—When communications are made by wireless telegraph, the rules and instructions given in the book "GENERAL RULES AND DEPARTMENTAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR RADIO STATIONS IN INDIA" as amended from time to time, shall be observed.

6. *Provisions of the Convention to be Observed.*—Except as provided in these rules, the provisions of the Convention shall be observed in so far as they are applicable.

7. *Secrecy.*—The receiving apparatus of any wireless telegraph must not be used for the unauthorised interception or reception of wireless telegraphic communications.

If in the course of the operation of a wireless telegraph, any communication, other than one intended for the general use of the public, is involuntarily received, its

contents must not be divulged, published or put to any use, whatever, nor must its very existence be disclosed without authorisation.

8. *Use of unauthorised call signs forbidden.*—No station shall use a call sign which is not regularly assigned to it by the Telegraph Authority.

9. *Harmful interference.*—No person shall work or use the transmitting apparatus of a wireless telegraph in such a manner as to obstruct or repeatedly interrupt any wireless telegraph service functioning within or without India in accordance with the provisions of the Convention or the wireless signalling between any fixed, land or mobile stations of Indian Land, Naval or Air Forces or the wireless signalling exchanged between any fixed, land or mobile station of Indian Land, Naval or Air Forces and any station abroad.

WORKING OF WIRELESS TELEGRAPHS ON SHIPS AND AIRCRAFT WITHIN INDIAN LIMITS

10. *Sending of Message by Wireless in a ship.*—Except with the general or special permission in writing of the Telegraph Authority, no person shall send a message by means of the wireless telegraph on any ship (other than a ship-of-war) whilst the ship is within Indian territorial waters when and where such message can be forwarded by a telegraph of the Central Government.

11. *Sending a Message by Wireless in an Aircraft.*—Except with the general or special permission in writing of the Telegraph Authority, no person shall send a message by means of the wireless telegraph in any aircraft (other than a military aircraft) whilst the aircraft is within or above Indian territories or Indian territorial waters when and where such message can be forwarded by a telegraph of the Central Government.

12. *Conditions during which Transmitting Apparatus may not be used.*—Except with the general or special permission in writing of the Telegraph Authority, no person shall work or use the transmitting apparatus of a wireless telegraph on—

- (i) any ship (other than a ship-of-war) whilst the ship is in any harbour in India, or
- (ii) any aircraft (other than a military aircraft) within or above Indian territories or Indian territorial waters except during actual flight or in case of forced landing, and then only for transmitting messages necessary for the conduct of the flight or air service—
- (a) in communication in accordance with the instructions of the Telegraph Authority relating to aeronautical services with stations in India affording such services, or
- (b) When entering or leaving Indian territories or Indian territorial waters, in communication with stations in countries adjacent to India affording aeronautical services:

Provided that a wireless telegraph may be worked on used on a ship which is under way in the River Hooghly below Garden Reach for the sole purpose of exchanging messages with the Calcutta Radio.

Provided further that an aircraft may, in cases of urgency, when the aircraft is not in reliable communication with an aeronautical station, communicate with any other aircraft or with any ship, if the commander of the former aircraft considers that such communication is essential for the safety of his aircraft.

CERTIFICATES OF COMPETENCY

13. *Certificate of Competency.*—(1) The Telegraph Authority shall grant, subject to an examination, certificates of competency of the following classes and categories in the forms set out in the first schedule:—

- (i) The First Class Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate.
- (ii) The Second Class Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate.
- (iii) The Radiotelegraph Operator's Special Certificate.
- (iv) The Radiotelephone Operator's Certificate (General).

(v) The Radiotelephone Operator's Certificate (Restricted).

(vi) The Non-Commercial Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate.

The examination for the grant of certificates of competency other than the Non-Commercial Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate shall be conducted in accordance with the Convention.

(2) The Certificates of Competency as Radiotelephone Operator issued under the Indian Wireless Telegraphs Rules, 1933 and the Indian Wireless Telegraphs Rules, 1929 shall be deemed equivalent to the Radiotelephone Operator's Certificate (General) issued under these rules. A Certificate of Competency issued by a competent authority in any other part of the Commonwealth of nations shall be deemed to be a certificate of competency of the same class issued under these rules.

14 *Examination for a Certificate of Competency.*—No person shall be eligible to attend the examination for a certificate of competency who is neither a British subject domiciled in India nor a subject of an Acceding State.

provided that the Telegraph Authority may, by a general or special permission in writing, allow any person or category of persons to attend the examination for any or all classes and categories of certificates of competency.

15. A candidate for the examination for the First Class Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate shall not be less than eighteen years of age.

16. Application for permission to attend an examination for the grant of a certificate of competency shall be made to the Telegraph Authority in the form set out in the second schedule. The date and place of examination shall be notified to the candidate by the Telegraph Authority as soon as possible after the receipt of the application.

17. *Fee.*—A candidate for the examination for a certificate of competency shall pay an examination fee on the following scale by means of Indian postage stamps affixed to the application—

Examination for the First Class Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate.	Twenty five rupees.
Examination for the Second Class Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate.	Twenty rupees.
Examination for any other certificate of competency.	Ten rupees.

18. *Application*—The application shall be forwarded to the examining officer by the Telegraph Authority before the examination takes place. Before the examination, the examining Officer shall check the description of the candidate and the date of his birth stated in the application. The candidate shall produce documentary evidence to substantiate the date of his birth.

19. *Declaration to observe secrecy*—If the candidate passes the examination, he shall sign before the examining officer the declaration given at the foot of two copies of the form of the certificate of competency that he will observe secrecy of correspondence.

20. *Photograph of Candidate*—(1) A candidate presenting himself for examination, shall provide two unmounted copies of a photograph of himself, head and shoulders only (approximately 2 inches x 3 inches). These copies shall be checked by the examining officer.

(2) If the candidate is successful in the examination, he shall sign and date both photographs in the presence of the examining officer who shall thereupon complete and sign the two copies of the form of the certificate of competency in so far as he is concerned and also have them signed by the candidate.

(3) The examining officer shall attach the two photographs and the two forms of the certificate of competency to the application and return them to the Telegraph Authority.

(4) One copy of the photograph shall be affixed by the Telegraph Authority to the certificate of competency to be issued to the successful candidate and the other to the duplicate copy retained for record. The photograph shall be stamped with a special date stamp overlapping the photograph and the certificate form.

(5) The certificate shall be completed and sent to the candidate by registered post by the Telegraph Authority.

21. *Failure at an Examination.*—In case of failure at an examination the candidate shall not be re-examined until after the lapse of five months. The examination fee shall be payable in respect of each examination so taken.

22. *Power of the Telegraph Authority to endorse, suspend or cancel certificates.*—If the holder of a certificate of competency is proved to the satisfaction of the Telegraph Authority wilfully or negligently to have failed to comply with the provisions of these rules or of any regulations lawfully applicable to him in respect of wireless telegraphy or of wireless apparatus, in India, the Telegraph Authority may, endorse, suspend or cancel the certificate.

(2) The Telegraph Authority may at any time require the holder of a certificate of competency to produce the same and the holder shall comply with such requisition.

(3) The Telegraph Authority may at any time require the holder of a certificate of competency to be re-examined in order to test his knowledge and ability and may, as a result of such examination, endorse, suspend or cancel the certificate. No fee shall be charged for such examination.

23. *Duplicate copies of Certificates of Competency.*—

(1) The Telegraph Authority may issue duplicate copies of any certificate of competency. The following charges shall be made for issue of duplicate copies:—

When the loss of certificate is due to an unavoidable accident.	Three rupees.
When loss is for other reasons :	
First occasion	Five rupees.
Second occasion	Ten rupees.
Third or any subsequent occasion	Twenty rupees.

(2) In case the loss of the certificate is caused through gross carelessness, the Telegraph Authority may withhold the issue of duplicate copy thereof.

24. *Penalty.*—If any person contravenes any of the provision of rules 4, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11, he shall be punishable with fine which may extend to the maximum limits specified in sub-section 3 of section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885.

FIRST SCHEDULE

(See Rule 18).

(A) FORM OF THE FIRST CLASS RADIOTELEGRAPH OPERATOR'S CERTIFICATE.



(OBVERSE SIDE)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY

First Class Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate (issued under the Indian Wireless Telegraphs Rules, 1949.)

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT

has been examined in accordance with the provisions of article 24 of the Radio Regulations annexed to the International Telecommunication Convention (Atlantic City, 1947) and has given proof of the knowledge and qualifications required for the First Class Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate as detailed on the reverse hereof.

2. Description of apparatus on which practical knowledge was tested* :—

TRANSMITTER:

RECEIVER:

EMERGENCY APPARATUS:

AUTOMATIC ALARM:

DIRECTION-FINDING APPARATUS:

.....Examining Officer.

Place..... Date.....

ISSUED BY THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS, under the Indian Wireless Telegraphs Rules, 1949.

Signature.....

Director General of Posts and Telegraphs.

Date.....

Registered No.....

Signature of holder.....

Place of birth..... Date of birth.....

*It is not intended to limit the employment of the holder to a particular system, but merely to indicate the particular system in which practical knowledge was tested.

N.B.—This certificate may be endorsed, suspended or cancelled at the discretion of the Telegraph Authority, if the holder commits a breach of the Indian Wireless Telegraphs Rules, 1948, or any regulations lawfully applicable to him in respect of radiocommunication or radiotelegraph or radiotelephone apparatus in India.

DECLARATION TO OBSERVE SECRECY

I,..... do solemnly and sincerely declare that I will not, without authorisation, divulge to any person the purport of any message, other than a message intended for the general use of the public, which I may transmit or receive by means of any radiotelegraph or radiotelephone apparatus operated by me or which may come to my knowledge in connection with the operation of the said apparatus.

Signature of Declarant.....

Date.....

Place.....

Examining Officer (Witness).....

(REVERSE SIDE)

Knowledge and qualifications required for the First Class Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate

(a) Sending and receiving correctly by ear—(i) plain language at a speed of 25 words per minute and (ii) mixed code groups at a speed of 20 groups per minute. Sending and receiving correctly messages by telephone.

(b) Detailed knowledge of the Regulations applying to radio-communications, of the documents relating to the charges for radio-communications and of the provisions of the Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea which relate to radio.

(c) Knowledge of the general geography of the world, especially the principal maritime and air navigation routes and the most important telecommunication routes.

(d) Knowledge of the general principles of electricity of the theory of radio and of the adjustment and practical working of various types of radiotelegraph and radiotelephone apparatus used in mobile service, including apparatus used for radio direction-finding and the taking of direction-finding bearings. General knowledge of the principles of operation of other apparatus generally used for radionavigation.

(e) Theoretical and practical knowledge of the operation and maintenance of apparatus such as motor-generators, storage batteries, etc., used in the operation and adjustment of the radiotelegraph, radiotelephone and radio direction-finding apparatus mentioned in (d) above. Practical knowledge necessary to repair with the means ordinarily available on board, damage which may occur to the radiotelegraph, radiotelephone and radio direction-finding apparatus during a voyage.

(f) Satisfactory knowledge of the English language.

*(g) Knowledge of the special provisions governing the aeronautical fixed, mobile and radionavigation services.

* (g) is required for operators to be employed in air navigation and should be deleted by the Examining Officer in other cases.

DESCRIPTION AND PHOTOGRAPH OF HOLDER

Height.....feet.....inches.

Colour of eyes.....

Colour of hair.....

Complexion.....

Any special peculiarities of marks.....

(B) FORM OF THE SECOND CLASS RADIO-TELEGRAPH OPERATOR'S CERTIFICATE (OBVERSE SIDE)

P H O T O G R A P H



GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS

CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY

First Class Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate (issued under the Indian Wireless Telegraphs Rules, 1949)

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT

has been examined in accordance with the provisions of article 24 of the Radio Regulations annexed to the International Telecommunication Convention (Atlantic City 1947), and has given proof of the knowledge and qualifications required for the Second Class Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate as detailed on the reverse hereof.

2. Description of apparatus on which practical knowledge was tested* :—

TRANSMITTER:

RECEIVER:

EMERGENCY APPARATUS:

AUTOMATIC ALARM:

DIRECTION-FINDING APPARATUS:

.....Examining Officer.

Place..... Date.....

ISSUED BY THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS, under the Indian Wireless Telegraphs Rules, 1949.

Signature.....

Director General of Posts and Telegraphs

Date.....

Registered No.....

Signature of holder.....

Place of birth..... Date of birth.....

*It is not intended to limit the employment of the holder to a particular system, but merely to indicate the particular system in which practical knowledge was tested.

N.B.—This certificate may be endorsed, suspended or cancelled at the discretion of the Telegraph Authority, if the holder commits a breach of the Indian Wireless Telegraphs Rules, 1949, or any regulations lawfully applicable to him in respect of radiocommunication or radiotelegraph or radiotelephone apparatus within or without India.

DECLARATION TO OBSERVE SECRECY

I,.....
do solemnly and sincerely declare that I will not, without
authorisation, divulge to any person the purport of any
message, other than a message intended for the general
use of the public, which I may transmit or receive by
means of any radiotelegraph or radiotelephone apparatus
operated by me or which may come to my knowledge in
connection with the operation of the said apparatus.

Signature of Declarant.....

Date.....

Place.....

Examining Officer (Witness).....

(REVERSE SIDE)

Knowledge and Qualifications required for the second class
Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate

(a) Ability to send correctly and to receive correctly by
ear, code groups (mixed letters, figures and punctuation
marks) at a speed of 16 groups per minute. Ability to send
correctly and to receive correctly by telephone.

(b) Knowledge of the Regulations applying to radio-
communications, of the documents relating to charges for
radiocommunications and of the provisions of the Conven-
tion for the Safety of Life at Sea which relate to radio.

(c) Knowledge of the general geography, especially the
principal maritime and air navigation routes and the most
important telecommunication routes.

(d) Elementary theoretical and practical knowledge of
electricity and of radio, knowledge of the adjustment
and practical working of the various types of radio tele-
graph and radiotelephone apparatus used in the mobile
service, including apparatus used for radio direction-find-
ing and the taking of direction-finding bearings as well as
elementary knowledge of the principles of operation of
other apparatus in general use for radio navigation.

(e) Elementary theoretical and practical knowledge of
the operation and maintenance of apparatus, such as
motor-generators, storage batteries, etc., used in the
operation and adjustment of the radiotelegraph, radio-
telephone and radio direction-finding apparatus mentioned
in (d) above. Practical knowledge sufficient for effecting
repairs in the case of minor damage which may occur to
the radiotelegraph, radiotelephone and radio direction-
finding apparatus during a voyage, with the means ordi-
narily available on board.

(f) Satisfactory knowledge of the English language.

* (g) Knowledge of the special provisions governing
the aeronautical fixed, mobile and radionavigation services.

* (g) is required for operators to be employed in air navigation
and should be deleted by the Examining Officer in other cases

DESCRIPTION AND PHOTOGRAPH OF HOLDER

Height.....feetinches

Colour of eyes.....


Colour of hair

Complexion

Any special peculiarities or marks.....

PHOTOGRAPH

(C) FORM OF THE RADIOTELEGRAPH OPERATOR'S
SPECIAL CERTIFICATE
(OBVERSE SIDE)



GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
POSTS & TELEGRAPHS
CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY
*Radiotelegraph Operator's Special Certificate (issued under
the Indian Wireless Telegraph Rules, 1949)*
THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT

has been examined in accordance with the provisions of
article 24 of the Radio Regulations annexed to the Inter-
national Telecommunication Convention (Atlantic City,
1947) and has given proof of the knowledge and qualifica-
tions required for the Radiotelegraph Operator's Special
Certificate as detailed on the reverse hereof.

2. Description of apparatus on which practical knowledge
was tested* :—
TRANSMITTER.
RECEIVER:
EMERGENCY APPARATUS:
AUTOMATIC ALARM:
DIRECTION-FINDING APPARATUS:
.....Examining Officer.

Place Date

ISSUED BY THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF POSTS
AND TELEGRAPHS, under the Indian Wireless Tele-
graph Rules, 1949.

Signature
Director General of Posts & Tele-
graphs.
Date
Registered No.

Signature of Holder
Place of Birth Date of Birth

*It is not intended to limit the employment of the holder to a
particular system, but merely to indicate the particular system in
which practical knowledge was tested.

N. B.—This certificate may be endorsed, suspended or cancelled
at the discretion of the Telegraph Authority, if the holder commits a
breach of the Indian Wireless Telegraphs. Rules, 1949, or any
regulations lawfully applicable to him in respect of radiocommuni-
cation or radio telegraph or radio telephone apparatus in India.

DECLARATION TO OBSERVE SECRECY.

I,
do solemnly and sincerely declare that I will not, with-
out authorisation, divulge to any person the purport of
any message, other than a message intended for the
general use of the public, which I may transmit or receive
by means of any radiotelegraph or radiotelephone
apparatus operated by me or which may come to my
knowledge in connection with the operation or the said
apparatus

Signature of Declarant

Place Date

Examining Officer (Witness)

(REVERSE SIDE)

Knowledge and qualifications required for the Radio-
telegraph Operator's Special Certificate

(a) Ability to send correctly and receive correctly by
ear, code groups (mixed letters, figures and punctuation
marks) at a speed of 16 groups per minute.

(b) Ability to send correctly and to receive correctly by
telephone.

- (c) Practical knowledge of radiotelegraph operation and procedure and of radiotelephone operation and procedure.
- (d) General knowledge of the Regulations applying to radio-telegraph and radio-telephone communications and specifically of that part of those Regulations which relates to the safety of life.
- (e) Satisfactory knowledge of the English language.

DESCRIPTION AND PHOTOGRAPH OF HOLDER

Height feet inches.

Colour of eyes.....

Colour of hair

Complexion

Any special peculiarities or marks... ..



(D) FORM OF THE RADIOTELEPHONE
OPERATOR'S CERTIFICATE
(OBSERVE SIDE)



GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS

CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY

RADIOTELEPHONE OPERATOR'S CERTIFICATE (GENERAL/
RESTRICTED **)
(Issued under the Indian Wireless Telegraphs Rules,
1949)

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT

has been examined in accordance with the provisions of article 24 of the Radio Regulations annexed to the International Telecommunication Convention (Atlantic City, 1947) and has given proof of the knowledge and qualifications required for the Radiotelephone Operator's Certificate (General/Restricted**) as detailed on the reverse hereof.

(REVERSE SIDE)

Knowledge and qualifications required for the Radiotelephone Operator's Certificate

FOR THE GENERAL CERTIFICATE.	FOR THE RESTRICTED CERTIFICATE.
(a) Ability to send correctly and to receive correctly messages by telephone.	(a) Ability to send correctly and to receive correctly messages by telephone.
(b) Knowledge of the elementary principles of radio-telephone.	(b) Practical knowledge of radiotelephone operation and procedure.
(c) Detailed knowledge of the practical operation and adjustment of radiotelephone apparatus.	(c) General knowledge of the Regulations applying to radiotelephone communications specifically of that part of those Regulations which relates to the safety of life.
(d) Detailed knowledge of the Regulations applying to radiotelephone communications and specifically of that part of those Regulations which relates to the safety of life.	(d) Satisfactory knowledge of the English language.
(e) Satisfactory knowledge of the English language.	

DESCRIPTION AND PHOTOGRAPH OF HOLDER

Height..... feet.....inches.

Colour of eyes.....

Colour of hair.....

Complexion.....

Any special peculiarities or marks.....



2. Description of apparatus on which practical knowledge was tested * :—

.....Examining Officer.

Place..... Date.....

ISSUED BY THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF POSTS
AND TELEGRAPHS, under the Indian Wireless Tele-
graphs Rules, 1949.

Signature.....

Director General of Posts and Telegraphs.

Date.....

REGISTERED No.....

Signature of Holder.....

Place of Birth..... Date of Birth.....

*It is not intended to limit the employment of the holder to a particular system, but merely to indicate the particular system in which practical knowledge was tested.

**Delete word which does not apply.

N.B. - (1) This certificate, if "Restricted" has not been issued in conformity with the provisions of 548 of the Radio Regulations annexed to the International Telecommunication Convention (Atlantic City, 1947).

(2) This certificate may be endorsed, suspended or cancelled at the discretion of the Telegraph Authority, if the holder commits a breach of the Indian Wireless Telegraphs Rules, 1949, or any regulations lawfully applicable to him in respect to radiocommunication or radiotelegraph or radiotelephone apparatus in India.

DECLARATION TO OBSERVE SECRECY

I,.....
do solemnly and sincerely declare that I will not, without authorisation, divulge to any person the purport of any message, other than a message intended for the general use of the public, which I may transmit or receive by means of any radiotelegraph or radiotelephone apparatus operated by me or which may come to my knowledge in connection with the operation of the said apparatus.

Signature of Declarant.....

Place..... Date.....

Examining Officer (Witness).....

(OBVERSE SIDE)

(E) FORM OF THE NON-COMMERCIAL RADIO-TELEGRAPH OPERATOR'S CERTIFICATE



GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS

CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY

NON-COMMERCIAL RADIOTELEGRAPH OPERATOR'S CERTIFICATE
(Issued under the Indian Wireless Telegraphs Rules, 1949)

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT

.....
has been examined and is qualified in sending and receiving in International Morse Code on tone signals at twelve words per minute in clear English and has a general knowledge of operating procedure and the regulations regarding the prevention of harmful interference

.....Examining Officer.

Place..... Designation.....

Date.....

ISSUED ON BEHALF OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL
OF POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS

Date-Stamp of
Office of Issue

Signature.....
Designation.....
Date.....
Registered No.....

Signature of Holder.....

Place of Birth..... Date of Birth.....

N.B.—(1) This certificate does not constitute a license to establish, maintain and work a radio station; for that purpose a license must be obtained from the Director-General of Posts & Telegraphs.

(2) This certificate may be endorsed, suspended or cancelled at the discretion of the Telegraph Authority if the holder commits a breach of the Indian Wireless Telegraph Rules, 1949, or any regulations lawfully applicable to him in respect of radiocommunication or radiotelegraph or radiotelephone apparatus.

DECLARATION TO OBSERVE SECRECY

I,.....
solemnly and sincerely declare that I will not, without authorisation divulge to any person the purport of any message, other than a message intended for the general use of the public, which I may transmit or receive by means of any radiotelegraph or radiotelephone apparatus operated by me or which may come to my knowledge in connection with the operation of the said apparatus.

Signature of Declarant.....

Place..... Date.....

Examining Officer (Witness)

(REVERSE SIDE)

DESCRIPTION AND PHOTOGRAPH OF HOLDER

Height.....feet.....inches.

Colour of Eyes.....

Colour of Hair.....

Complexion.....

Any special peculiarities or marks.....

PHOTOGRAPH

SECOND SCHEDULE

(See Rule 16)

A CANDIDATE MAY BE EXAMINED FOR MORE THAN ONE CLASS/CATEGORY OF THE CERTIFICATE. THE EXAMINATION FOR EACH CLASS/CATEGORY SHALL BE UNDERTAKEN SEPARATELY AND THE RESULTS IN ANY SECTION OF THE EXAMINATION FOR ONE CLASS/CATEGORY WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO COUNT IN ANY OTHER EXAMINATION.

(Indian postage stamps for fee to be affixed here)

APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION TO EXAMINATION FOR A CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY AS *RADIOTELEGRAPH/*RADIOTELEPHONE OPERATOR.

1. Full name of applicant (in BLOCK Capitals).....

2. Description of applicant:--

Height.....feet.....inches.

Colour of eyes.....

Colour of hair.....

Complexion.....

Any special peculiarities or marks.....

3. Place of birth.....

4. Date of birth.....

5. Particulars of Certificate(s) of Competency, if any, already held by applicant:—

6. Particulars of the last examination (if any) taken for a Certificate of Competency:—

Place..... Date.....

Class/Category of Certificate... Result.....

7. Address to which the order for examination should be sent.....

8. Address to which the Certificate of Competency should be forwarded in case the candidate is successful in the examination.....

9. Place at which applicant prefers to be examined (in the case of Non-commercial Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate Examination, only).....

I hereby certify that the above particulars are correct and apply for admission to an examination for the—

*First Class Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate.

*Second Class Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate.

*Radiotelegraph Operator's Special Certificate.

*Radiotelephone Operator's Certificate (General).

*Radiotelephone Operator's Certificate (Restricted).

*Non-commercial Radiotelegraph Operator's Certificate.

I declare that I am a *British subject by *birth

*naturalisation in.....
(here insert Dominion, Colony, Protectorate, etc.),
*subject of an Acceding State, namely.....
(name of State).

Signature.....

Date.....

*Delete words which do not apply

V. K. R. MENON, Secy.

MINISTRY OF WORKS, MINES AND POWER

New Delhi, the 30th April 1949

No. P.103.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Rules regulating the handling of explosives in the port of Bombay published with the notification of the Government of India

in the late Department of Works, Mines and Power, No. P.108, dated the 11th March 1947, namely:—

In the said Rules, for sub-rule (2) of rule 4 the following sub-rule shall be substituted, namely:—

“(2) Every ship having explosives on board in excess of 100 lbs. and entering the Port shall proceed to the explosives anchorage 084°, 10.2 cables, from Tucker Beacon (West Explosive Anchorage), or if a vessel is already anchored in this anchorage, then to an anchorage 076½°, 15.3 cables, from Tucker Beacon (East Explosive Anchorage), and shall not leave her anchorage without the permission of the Deputy Conservator. No vessel shall, except in the above stated anchorages, take on board from any other ship or boat more than 100 lbs weight of explosives, or such quantity as with explosives already on board would exceed in weight 100 lbs.”

B B PAYMASTER, Dy Secy

MINISTRY OF LABOUR

New Delhi, the 26th April 1949

No. LW. 2(12)48.—In pursuance of section 8 of the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1947 (XXXII of 1947), the Central Government is pleased to appoint Mr. D F Macmillan, nominated by the Indian Mining Association, as a member of the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Advisory Committee constituted in the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, No. LW 3(1) 47, dated the 24th May 1948, *vice* Mr. K. Basu.

N C. KUPPUSWAMI, Under Secy

New Delhi, the 26th April 1949

No. G-35.—The following members have been elected by the Constituent Assembly of India (Legislative) to serve on the Standing Committee for the Ministry of Labour during the current financial year:—

- (1) Maulana Hasrat Mohani.
- (2) Dr. H. C Mookerjee
- (3) Shri Damodar Swarup Seth.
- (4) Shri Nandkishore Das
- (5) Shri Gopikrishna Vijayavargiya.
- (6) Shri Harihar Nath Shastri.
- (7) Shri Khandubhai K. Desai.
- (8) Shri V. C. Kesava Rao
- (9) Shri Gokulbhai Daulatram Bhatt
- (10) Shrimati Renuka Ray

New Delhi, the 3rd May 1949

No. LR1(32).—Whereas the Central Government is satisfied that public interest requires the extension of the period specified in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, No. LR 1(32), dated the 3rd November 1948, declaring the coal industry so far as it is concerned with the production and supply of coal and coke to be a public utility service;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-clause (vi) of clause (n) of section 2 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of 1947), the Central Government hereby declares the coal industry so far as it is concerned with the production and supply of coal and coke to be a public utility service for the purposes of the said Act for a further period of six months, from the 10th May 1949.

H KHANNA Dy Secy

New Delhi, the 4th May 1949

No. L.P.24(13).—The following draft of certain rules which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Minimum Wages Act 1948 (XI of 1948), is published as required by the said section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 31st May 1949

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Government

DRAFT RULES

PRELIMINARY

1. These rules may be called the Minimum Wages (Central Advisory Board) Rules, 1949

2. *Definitions*—In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,

- (i) “the Act” means the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 (XI of 1948);
- (ii) “Board” means the Central Advisory Board constituted under section 8 of the Act;
- (iii) “Chairman” means the Chairman of the Central Advisory Board; and
- (iv) “Member” means a member of the Central Advisory Board.

3 *Constitution of the Central Advisory Board.*—The Board shall consist of the following members, to be nominated by the Central Government, namely:—

- (i) a Chairman;
- (ii) two officials of the Central Government one of whom shall be nominated as the Vice-Chairman of the Board;
- (iii) one person each representing each of the Governor's Provinces;
- (iv) twelve persons representing employers in the scheduled employments; and
- (v) twelve persons representing employees in the scheduled employments.

4. *Term of office of members*—(1) Subject to the provisions of these rules, the term of office of members, other than official members, shall be three years commencing from the date of their appointment:

Provided that a member shall, notwithstanding the expiry of the said period of three years, continue to hold office until the appointment of his successor.

(2) A member nominated to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office, only so long as the member in whose place he is nominated would have been entitled to hold office if the vacancy had not occurred.

(3) The official members shall hold office until replaced by others.

5. *Eligibility for renomination*—An outgoing member shall be eligible for renomination.

6. *Resignation*—(1) A member other than the Chairman may resign his office by a letter in writing addressed to the Chairman.

(2) The Chairman may resign his office by a letter addressed to the Central Government.

(3) A member shall be deemed to have vacated his office—

- (i) if he is declared to be of unsound mind by a competent court; or
- (ii) if he is an undischarged insolvent; or
- (iii) if before or after the commencement of the Act, he has been convicted of an offence which, in the opinion of the Central Government, involves moral turpitude

7 *Cessation and restoration of membership.*—(1) if a member fails to attend three consecutive meetings of the Board, he shall cease to be a member thereof

(2) A person, who ceases to be a member under sub-rule (1) shall be informed of such cessation by a letter sent to him by registered post within fifteen days from the date of cessation. The letter shall indicate that if he desires restoration to membership, he may apply in writing in this behalf to the Chairman within thirty days from the receipt of such letter. Every such application shall contain the reason for the failure to attend three consecutive meetings. The application for restoration to membership, if received, shall be placed before the Board and if a majority of members present at the meeting are satisfied that the reasons for failure to attend three

consecutive meetings are adequate, the member shall be restored to membership immediately after a resolution to that effect is adopted.

8. *Minimum number of meetings.*—(1) The Board shall meet at least twice each year.

(2) The Chairman may, whenever he thinks fit and shall within fifteen days of the receipt of a requisition in writing from not less than one-half of the members, call a meeting of the Board.

9. *Notice of meetings.*—(1) The Chairman shall decide the date, time and place of every meeting. Ordinarily, notice of not less than 21 days from the date of posting thereof shall be given to every member for each meeting of the Board. A list of business proposed to be transacted at the meeting shall be attached with the notice.

(2) If it is necessary to convene an emergent meeting at least 10 days notice shall be given to every member.

10. *Chairman of the meeting.*—The Chairman or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman shall preside at the meetings. In the event of the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the members present may elect one amongst themselves to preside at the meeting.

11. *Quorum.*—No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless at least twelve members are present:

Provided that if at any meeting less than twelve members are present, the Chairman may adjourn the meeting to a date not later than seven days from the date of the original meeting and it shall thereupon be lawful to dispose of the business at such adjourned meeting irrespective of the number of members attending it.

12. *Disposal of business.*—Any business which requires consideration by the Board shall be considered at a meeting thereof:

Provided that the Chairman may, if he thinks fit, direct that the necessary papers may be referred for opinion to all members:

Provided further that the decision on any question which is so referred shall be acted upon only if it is supported by not less than a two-thirds majority of the members of the Board. Where there is no such majority or where the Chairman so decides the question shall be considered at a duly convened meeting of the Board.

13. *Method of voting.*—Voting shall ordinarily be by show of hands. If any member asks for voting by ballot, or if the Chairman so decides, the voting shall be by secret ballot and shall be held in such manner as the Chairman may desire.

14. *Decision by majority.*—Every question at a meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the members present and voting:

Provided that in the case of equality of votes, the Chairman or the person presiding shall have a casting vote.

15. *Proceedings of the meeting.*—(1) The proceedings of each meeting showing *inter-alia* the names of the members present thereat shall be forwarded to each member of the Board and to the Central Government as soon after the meeting as possible and, in any case, not less than seven days before the next meeting.

(2) The minutes of each meeting shall be confirmed with such modifications as may be considered necessary at the next meeting

SADASHIVA PRASAD, Dy. Secy.

